

$W(k)$: window function

$$g_j = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} W(k) \cdot |k| \cdot \exp(2\pi i \cdot j \delta \cdot k) dk //$$

$$h_j = \frac{i}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^0 W(k) \cdot \exp(2\pi i \cdot j \delta \cdot k) dk - \int_0^{\infty} W(k) \exp(2\pi i \cdot j \delta \cdot k) dk \right\} //$$

Ramachandran, $W(k) = \begin{cases} 1 & |k| \leq \frac{1}{2\delta} \\ 0 & \text{others} \end{cases}$

$$g_j = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} k \cos(2\pi \cdot j \cdot \delta \cdot k) dk$$

$$j=0$$

$$g_0 = 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} k dk = \frac{1}{4\delta^2} //$$

$$j \neq 0$$

$$g_j = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2\pi \cdot j \cdot \delta} \right)^2 \cdot \int_0^{\pi \cdot j} \theta \cdot \cos \theta d\theta \quad \theta = 2\pi j \delta \cdot k$$

$$= [\sin \theta + \theta \cos \theta]_0^{\pi \cdot j} = (-1)^j - 1 = \begin{cases} 0 & j = \text{even} \\ -2 & \text{odd} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & j = \text{even} \\ -\frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta^2 j^2} & \text{odd} \end{cases} //$$

$$h_j = \frac{i}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\frac{1}{2\delta}}^0 \exp(2\pi i \cdot j \delta k) dk - \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \exp(\quad) dk \right\}$$

$$= \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \{ \cos(2\pi j \delta k) - i \sin(\quad) - \cos(\quad) - i \sin(\quad) \} dk$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \sin(2\pi j \delta k) dk$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi j \delta} \int_0^{\pi \cdot j} \sin \theta d\theta = \frac{1 - (-1)^j}{2\pi^2 \cdot j \cdot \delta}$$

$j=0$ のときは $h_0=0$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & j = \text{even} \\ \frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta \cdot j} & \text{odd} \end{cases} \quad (j=0 \text{ は除外}) //$$

$$h_j = -\delta \cdot j \cdot g_j //$$

$$\text{Shepp, } W(k) = \begin{cases} \left| \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{k}{1/2\delta})}{(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{k}{1/2\delta})} \right| = \left| \frac{\sin(\pi\delta k)}{\pi\delta k} \right| & |k| \leq \frac{1}{2\delta} \\ 0 & \text{others} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_j &= \int_{-\frac{1}{2\delta}}^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \left| \frac{\sin(\pi\delta k)}{\pi\delta k} \right| \cdot |k| \cdot \exp(2\pi i \cdot j\delta \cdot k) dk \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi\delta} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \underbrace{\sin(\pi\delta k) \cos(2\pi j\delta k)}_{\sin \pi\delta \cdot (1+2j)k + \sin \pi\delta \cdot (1-2j)k} dk \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi\delta} \left[-\frac{\cos \pi\delta \cdot (1+2j) \cdot k}{\pi\delta \cdot (1+2j)} - \frac{\cos \pi\delta \cdot (1-2j) \cdot k}{\pi\delta \cdot (1-2j)} \right]_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta^2} \left(\frac{1}{1+2j} + \frac{1}{1-2j} \right) \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} 1 \pm 2j \text{ is not zero} \\ \cos \pi\delta \cdot (1 \pm 2j) \cdot \frac{1}{2\delta} = \cos \frac{\pi}{2} (1 \pm 2j) = 0 \end{array} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta^2} \frac{2}{(1+2j)(1-2j)} = \frac{2}{\pi^2 \cdot \delta^2 \cdot (1-4j^2)} // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h_j &= \frac{i}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\frac{1}{2\delta}}^0 \left| \frac{\sin(\pi\delta k)}{\pi\delta k} \right| \cdot \exp(2\pi i \cdot j\delta \cdot k) dk - \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} |1| \cdot \exp(\cdot) dk \right\} \\ &= \frac{i}{2\pi^2 \delta} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \frac{\sin(\pi\delta k)}{k} \cdot \{ \cancel{\cos(2\pi j\delta k)} - i \cdot \sin(\cdot) - \cancel{\cos(\cdot)} - i \sin(\cdot) \} dk \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \frac{\sin(\pi\delta k) \sin(2\pi j\delta k)}{k} dk \quad \cos \theta = \cos |\theta| // \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi^2 \delta} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos \pi\delta (1-2j) \cdot k - \cos \pi\delta (1+2j) \cdot k}{k} dk \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi^2 \delta} \int \frac{\frac{\pi |1-2j|}{2}}{\frac{\pi |1+2j|}{2}} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta \quad \leftarrow \int_0^{t_2} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta - \int_0^{t_1} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cosine integral, } Ci(t) = - \int_t^\infty \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta,$$

$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta = \int_\infty^{t_2} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta + \int_{t_1}^\infty \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta} d\theta = Ci(t_2) - Ci(t_1)$$

$$h_j = \frac{Ci(|\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi j|) - Ci(|\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi j|)}{2\pi^2 \delta} \quad // \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} j=0 \text{ is not OK} \\ h_0=0 \end{array} \right)$$

<- incorrect
see "ci.eqn"
or "ci.pdf"

$$\begin{aligned}
 h_j &= \frac{i}{4\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\frac{1}{2\delta}}^0 [1 + \cos(2\pi\delta k)] \exp(2\pi i \cdot j \delta k) dk - \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} [] \exp() dk \right\} \\
 &= \frac{i}{4\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \left\{ [] \cdot \cos(2\pi j \delta k) - i \cdot [] \sin() - [] \cos() - i [] \sin() \right\} dk \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \left\{ 1 + \cos(2\pi\delta k) \right\} \sin(2\pi j \delta k) dk
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} \{ \sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta) \}$$

$$h_0 = 0$$

$$j \neq 0$$

$$h_j = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \left\{ \sin(2\pi j \delta k) + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\pi(1+j) \cdot \delta k - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\pi(1-j) \cdot \delta k \right\} dk$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h_{\pm 1} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2\delta}} \left\{ \pm \sin(2\pi\delta k) \pm \frac{1}{2} \sin(4\pi\delta k) \right\} dk \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \pm \frac{[-\cos \theta]_0^{\pi}}{2\pi\delta} \pm \frac{[-\cos \theta]_0^{2\pi}}{2 \cdot 4\pi\delta} \right\} = \pm \frac{1}{2\pi^2\delta} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$|j| \geq 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h_j &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \frac{[-\cos \theta]_0^{\pi j}}{2\pi\delta \cdot j} + \frac{[-\cos \theta]_0^{\pi(1+j)}}{2 \cdot 2\pi\delta \cdot (1+j)} - \frac{[-\cos \theta]_0^{\pi(1-j)}}{2 \cdot 2\pi\delta \cdot (1-j)} \right\} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{4\pi^2\delta} \left\{ \frac{(-1)^j - 1}{j} + \frac{(-1)^{j+1} - 1}{2 \cdot (j+1)} + \frac{(-1)^{j-1} - 1}{2 \cdot (j-1)} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$j = \text{even}$$

$$h_j = \frac{1}{4\pi^2\delta} \left(\frac{1}{j+1} + \frac{1}{j-1} \right) = \frac{j}{2\pi^2\delta \cdot (j^2 - 1)} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} j=0 \text{ の場合も OK} \\ h_0 = 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$j = \text{odd}$$

$$h_j = \frac{1}{2\pi^2\delta \cdot j} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} j = \pm 1 \text{ の場合も OK} \\ h_{\pm 1} = \pm \frac{1}{2\pi^2\delta} \end{array} \right)$$

∴

$$h_j = \frac{1}{2\pi^2\delta} \times \begin{cases} \frac{j}{j^2 - 1} & j = \text{even} \quad (j=0 \text{ を含む}) \\ \frac{1}{j} & \text{odd} \quad (j = \pm 1 \text{ を含む}) \end{cases} //$$

$$j \text{ が奇数のとき, } h_j = -\delta \cdot j \cdot g_j //$$